



7. Topics and approximate lecture hours :

- Signals and systems: Concept, definitions, random, deterministic, continuous and discrete signals. Quantities associated with a signal: instantaneous quantities, average value, average power and energy. Usual signals: periodic, alternate, rung, Dirac. Concept of System: Definition, examples of linear systems, natures and properties of systems (1 Lecture)
- Linear systems- Response to a given excitation- Transfer function- Stability; Laplace transform, Definitions, Properties, Application to the resolution of linear differential equations with constant coefficients. Physical properties of response (6 Lectures)
- Linear electrical networks: General topological definitions, dipole, network (branches, links, knot). Properties of electrical networks: Conventions of electricians. Kirchoff Laws: Electrical elementary dipoles, Sources (current, voltage) independent and related extinction of a source, passive dipoles (resistor, capacitor, coil) mutual inductance. Association of dipoles: Series, parallel, principle of duality. Aspect of the dipoles: Receiver and generator (3 Lectures)
- General Theorems: Principle of superposition, substitution principle, Thevenin Voltage divider, Kenelly, Millmann Theorems, Theorems resulting from the Norton duality principle, current divider, substitution - Millman (6 Lectures)
- Permanent sinusoidal regime: Interest of steady state regime. Complex transformation, Equation of Linear Electrical Networks, complex impedance and admittance, energy considerations in sinusoidal regime, complex power, Boucherot theorem (6 Lectures)
- Diagrams: Notion of transmittance (transfer function), Bode diagram, Black diagram, Nyquist diagram (6 Lectures)
- Lab (12 Lectures).